

# Development of a Coherent Differential Absorption Lidar for Range Resolved Atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub> Measurements

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# Outline

- 2-micron Pulsed Lidar Approach for CO<sub>2</sub> Measurement
- 2-micron Pulsed Lidar DIAL/IPDA Roadmap
- High Energy 2-micron Pulsed Lidar- for Mobile Ground and Airborne CO<sub>2</sub> Profiling
  - Double Pulse Laser Transmitter for DIAL
  - High Accuracy Wavelength Control and Switching
  - Ground Based High Energy Coherent CO<sub>2</sub> DIAL Demonstration
- Summary

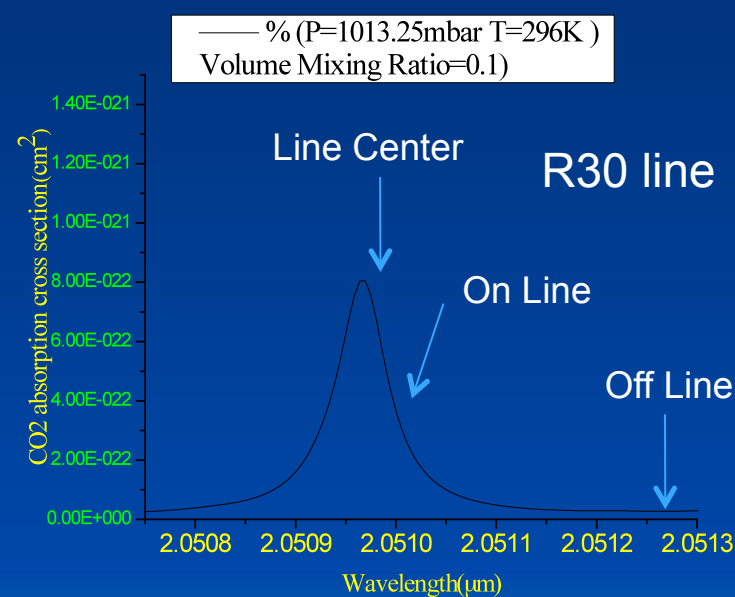
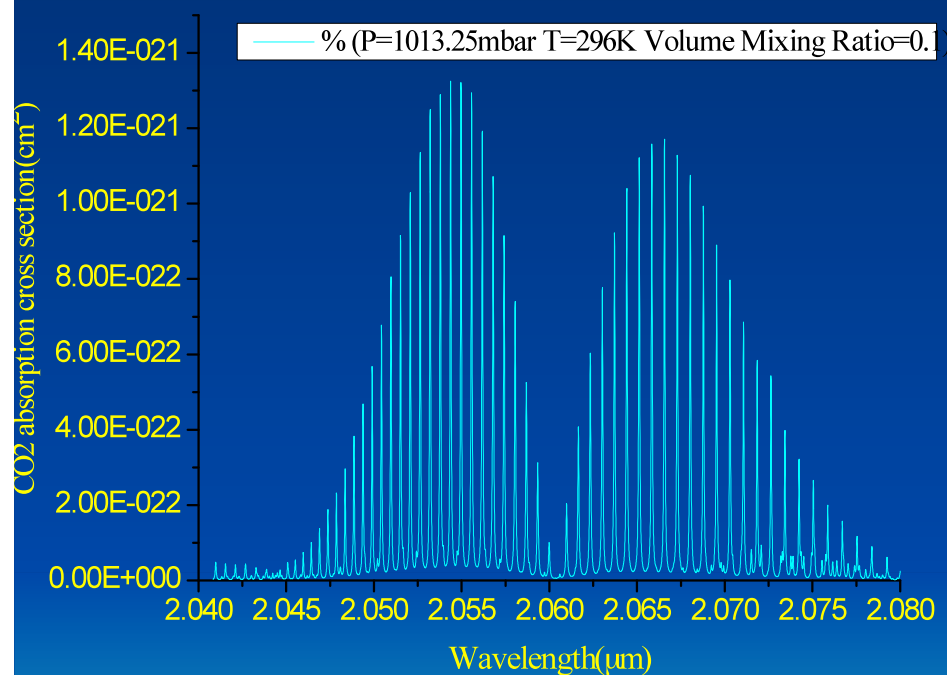


# Pulsed Lidar Approach

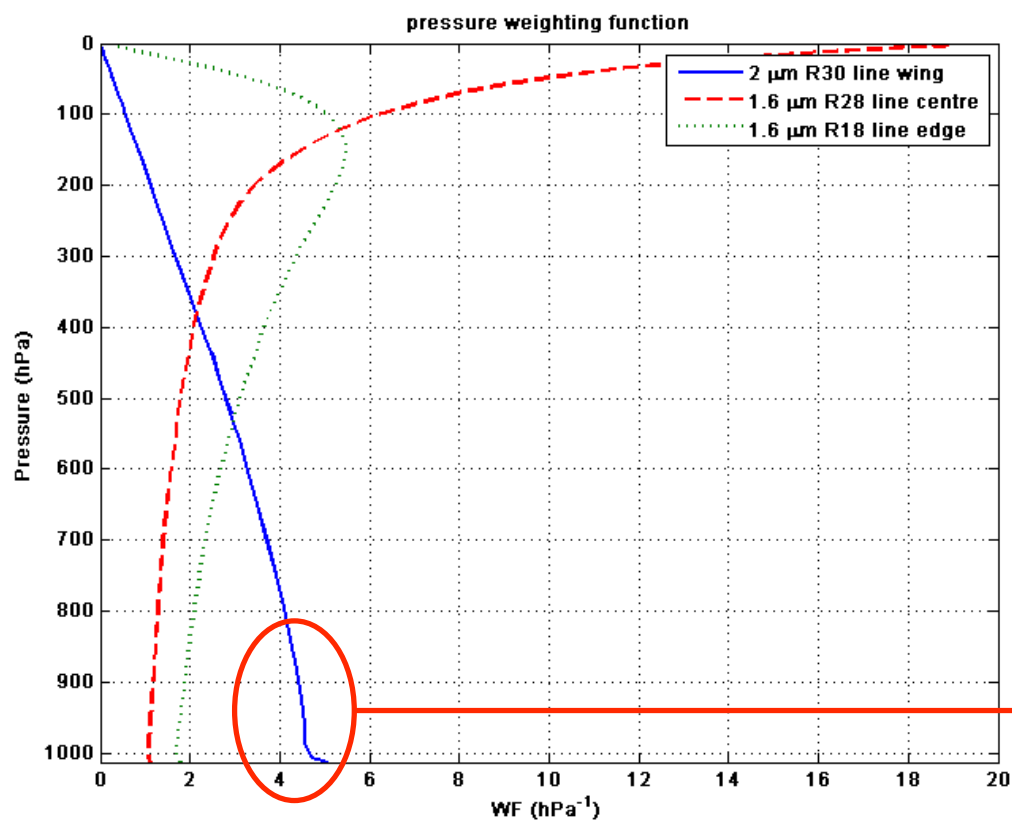
- A CO<sub>2</sub> profiler from ground or airborne platform is an indispensable validation tool for ASCENDS mission
- For column measurements, the pulsed lidar approach can eliminate contamination from aerosols and clouds to yield high accuracy measurements
- The pulse approach can determine CO<sub>2</sub> concentrations as a function of distance with high spatial and temporal resolution, a valuable data product that is not currently available
- The weighting function in the 2- $\mu$ m region is most favorable for making CO<sub>2</sub> measurements near the surface and PBL, where the sources and sinks of CO<sub>2</sub> are located



# CO<sub>2</sub> Absorption Line at 2-micron



# Requirement on high sensitivity of the WF to the lowest atmosphere



Selection of the R30 CO<sub>2</sub> absorption line at 2050.967 nm in the  $(20^01)_{III} \leftarrow (00^00)_I$  band of CO<sub>2</sub> as one of the most suitable line for DIAL measurement from space.



Weighting function peaking in lowest part of atmosphere

# Approach Rationale

- High energy ground based mobile system/Airborne DIAL system for ASCENDS instruments validation
  - Unique range-resolved profiling – critically needed
  - Unique up looking profiling system up to 4 Km
  - Matured, compact, highest energy coherent DIAL System
- High Repetition Rate 2-micron DIAL System
  - High Efficiency
  - High accuracy and precision
  - Higher temporal and spatial coverage
  - Airborne system capable of providing profiling in planetary boundary layer and free troposphere, as well column content – unique capability



# Plan

- Through LRRP funding, NASA LaRC has developed two unique technological approach and associated hardware to provide CO<sub>2</sub> profiling from ground, as well as airborne
- **High Energy – Low Repetition Rate**
  - Demonstrated high precision ground based CO<sub>2</sub> profile measurement
  - Plan to fly a LRRP developed compact packaged 2-micron lidar (Step -1)
- **Moderate Energy – High Repetition Rate**
  - Develop a compact airborne high repetition rate DIAL System (Step – 2)



# Coherent Pulsed CO<sub>2</sub> IPDA/DIAL Roadmap

## Up Looking, Ground based Profiling System

Past

High Energy  
Ho:Tm LuLiF

90mJ, 5Hz  
.45W

Wisconsin - 2007

Intercomparison  
Vertical  
In situ Sensors

Completed

Present

High Energy  
Ho:Tm YLF

250mJ, 10Hz  
2.5W

March, 2010

Intercomparison  
Horizontal  
Lidar, In situ Sensors

Completed



# Coherent Pulsed CO<sub>2</sub> IPDA/DIAL Roadmap

## Down Looking, Airborne Profiling/Column System

### Step - 1

High Energy  
Double-Pulsed  
Ho:Tm:YLF

250mJ, 10Hz  
**2.5W**

2010-2012

Intercomparison  
Vertical  
Lidar, In situ Sensors

AIIT Proposal  
Submitted

### Step -2

High Rep Rate,  
Tm fiber:Ho YLF

6mJ, 1KHz  
**6.0W**

2011-2013

System Ready for Lidar  
Intercomparison  
Higher Accuracy  
Higher Spatial Resolution  
Flux Measurement

IIP Proposal -  
Planned

### Airborne Campaign

High Rep Rate,  
Tm fiber:Ho YLF

6mJ, 1KHz  
**6.0W**

FY 2013-14

Validation + Inter  
comparison Campaign  
with Existing Capabilities  
in US

Validation of  
ASCENDS  
Instruments

# Pulsed CO<sub>2</sub> IPDA/DIAL Column Roadmap

Column, Down Looking, Space borne System 

**Coherent**

Space borne Column

High Rep Rate,  
Tm fiber:Ho YLF

1mJ, 7.5KHz  
Injection Seeded

Valid Approach if  
Ultra-low noise  
Detector for Direct  
Detection is not  
Available

CO<sub>2</sub> profiling from space is currently not feasible due to lack of mature technology. The energy and receiver technology needs to advance by more than an order of magnitude. Laser does not exist and development of an appropriate laser will require at least 5-7 years of sustained efforts with lot of funding.

**Direct**

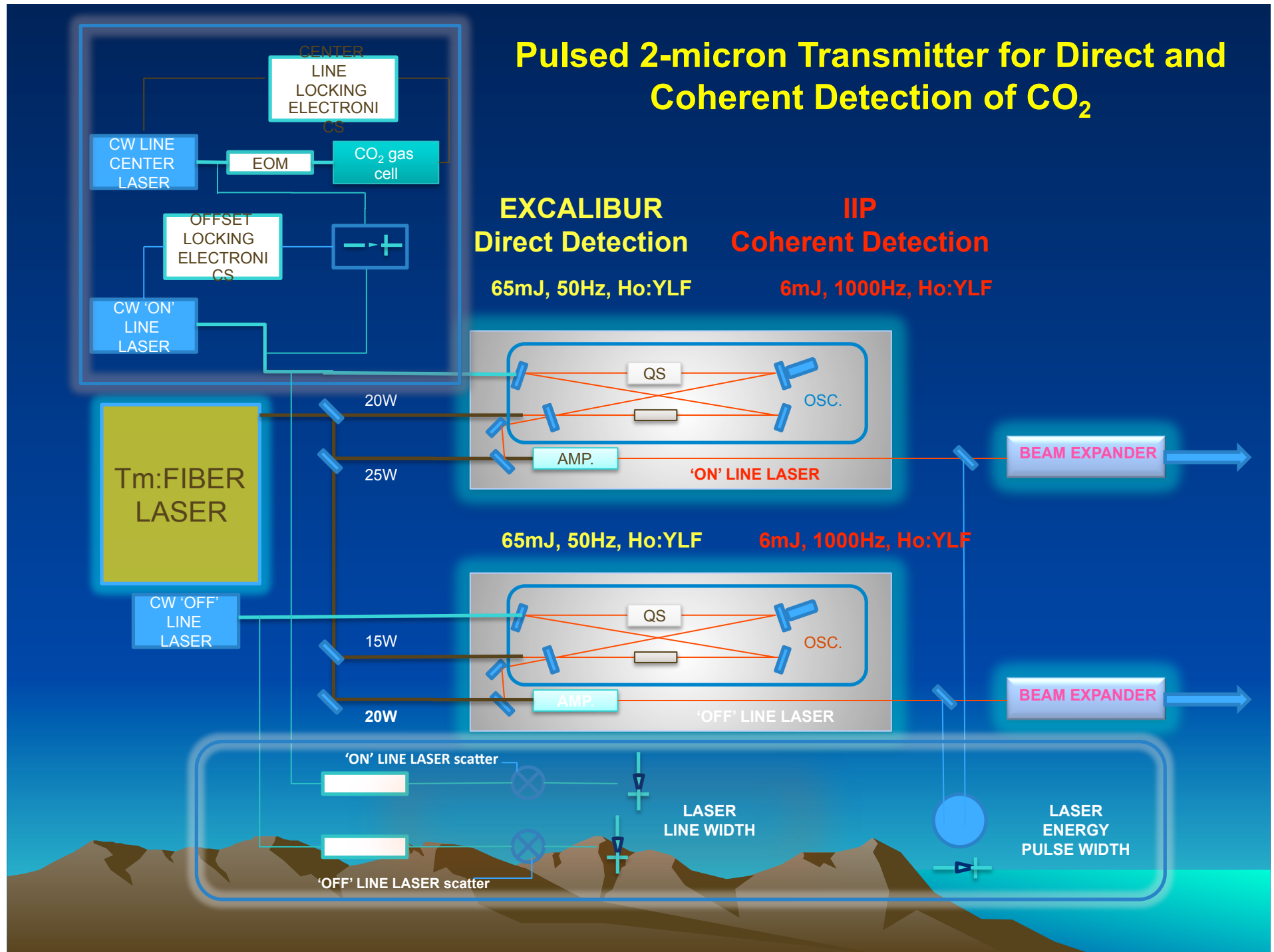
Space borne Column

Mod Energy, Mod Rep

65/50 mJ, 50 Hz  
Injection Seeded  
Large Telescope, Ultra-low noise Detector

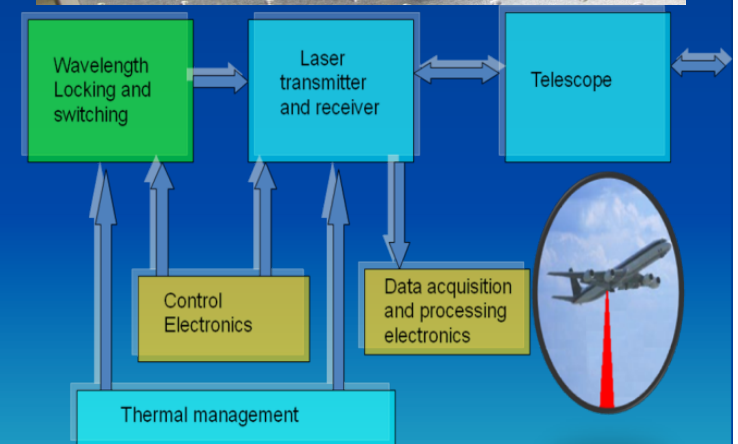
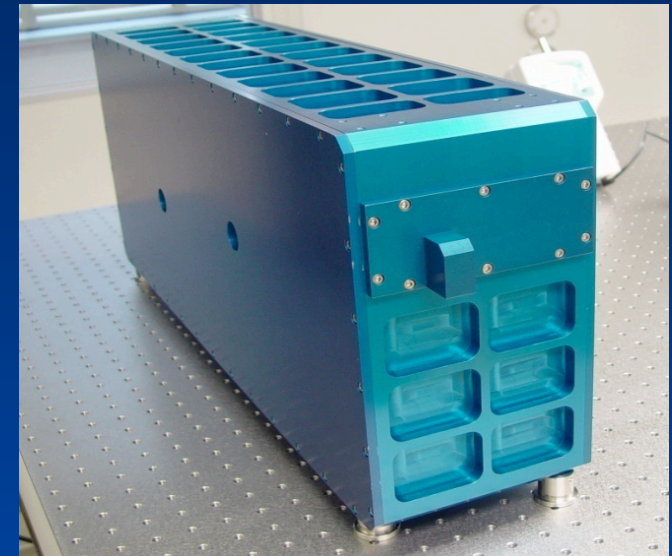
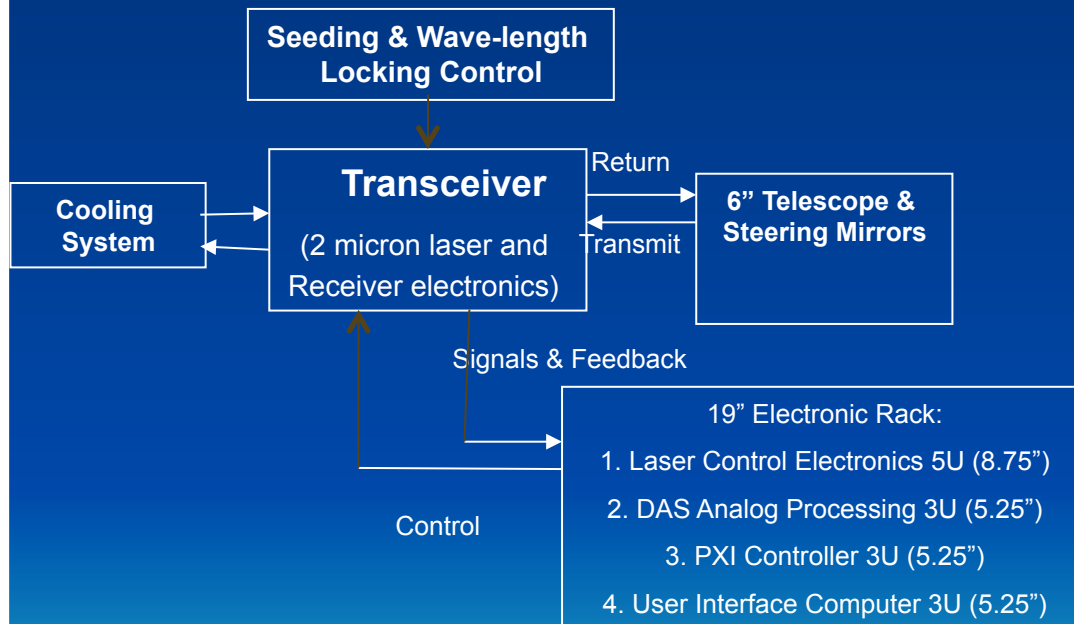
Preferred Approach if  
low NEP Detector is  
Available - EXCALIBUR  
prefers this approach  
ESA is developing  
detector

# Pulsed 2-micron Transmitter for Direct and Coherent Detection of CO<sub>2</sub>



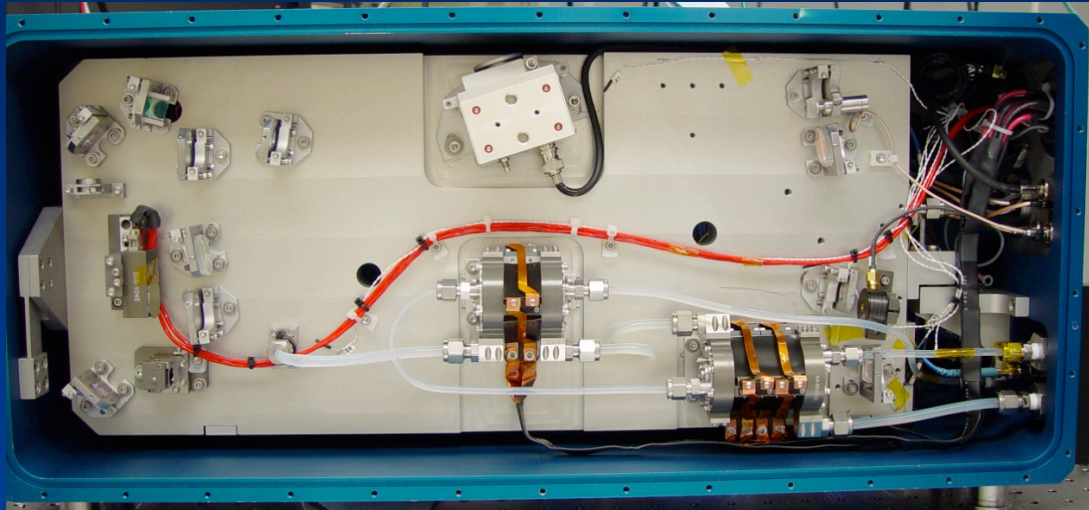
# Pulsed Coherent CO<sub>2</sub> DIAL

- Pulsed 2-micron laser transmitter
  - 250 mJ/10Hz
  - Coherent DIAL
- Provide CO<sub>2</sub> profiling/column density measurement

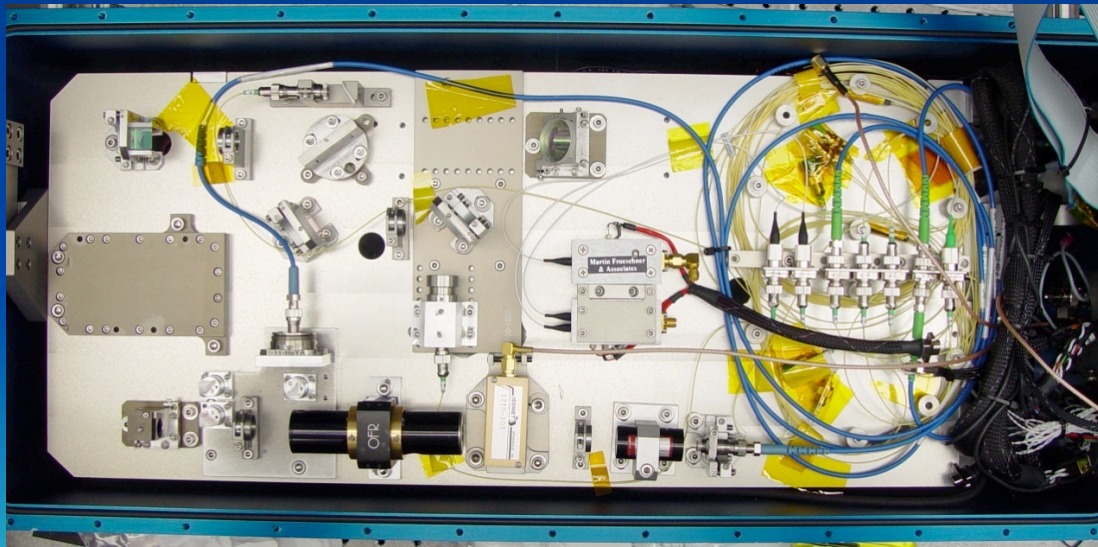


- Compact and ruggedized package
- Prototype has been demonstrated with optimization and packaging remaining
- Prototype has been demonstrated with modification and optimization remaining

# Coherent CO<sub>2</sub> DIAL Transceiver

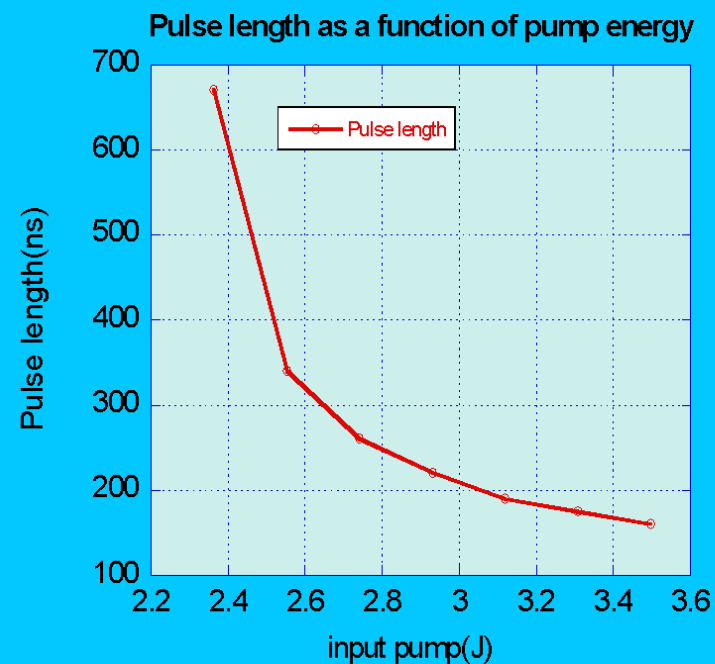
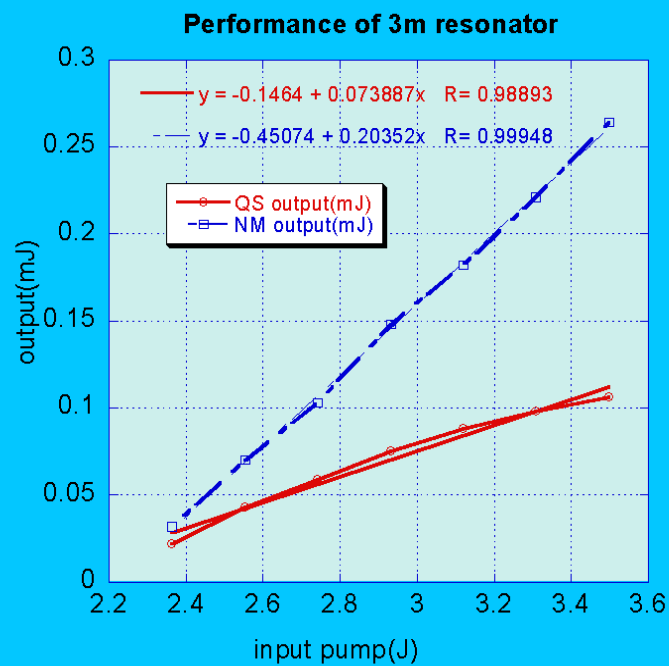


Transmitter Side



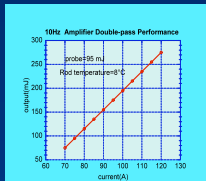
Receiver Side

# 10 Hz Oscillator Performance



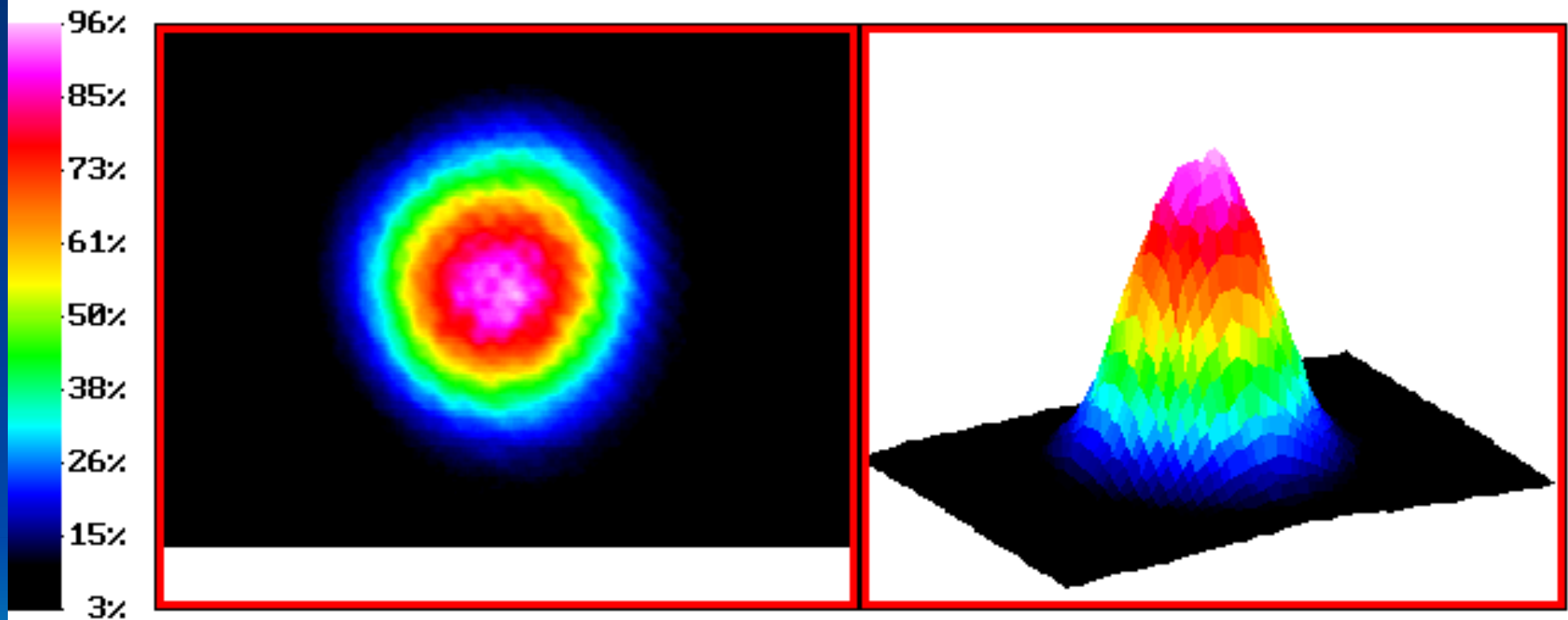


# Double Pass Amplifier Performance



Amplifier gain: double pass ~3

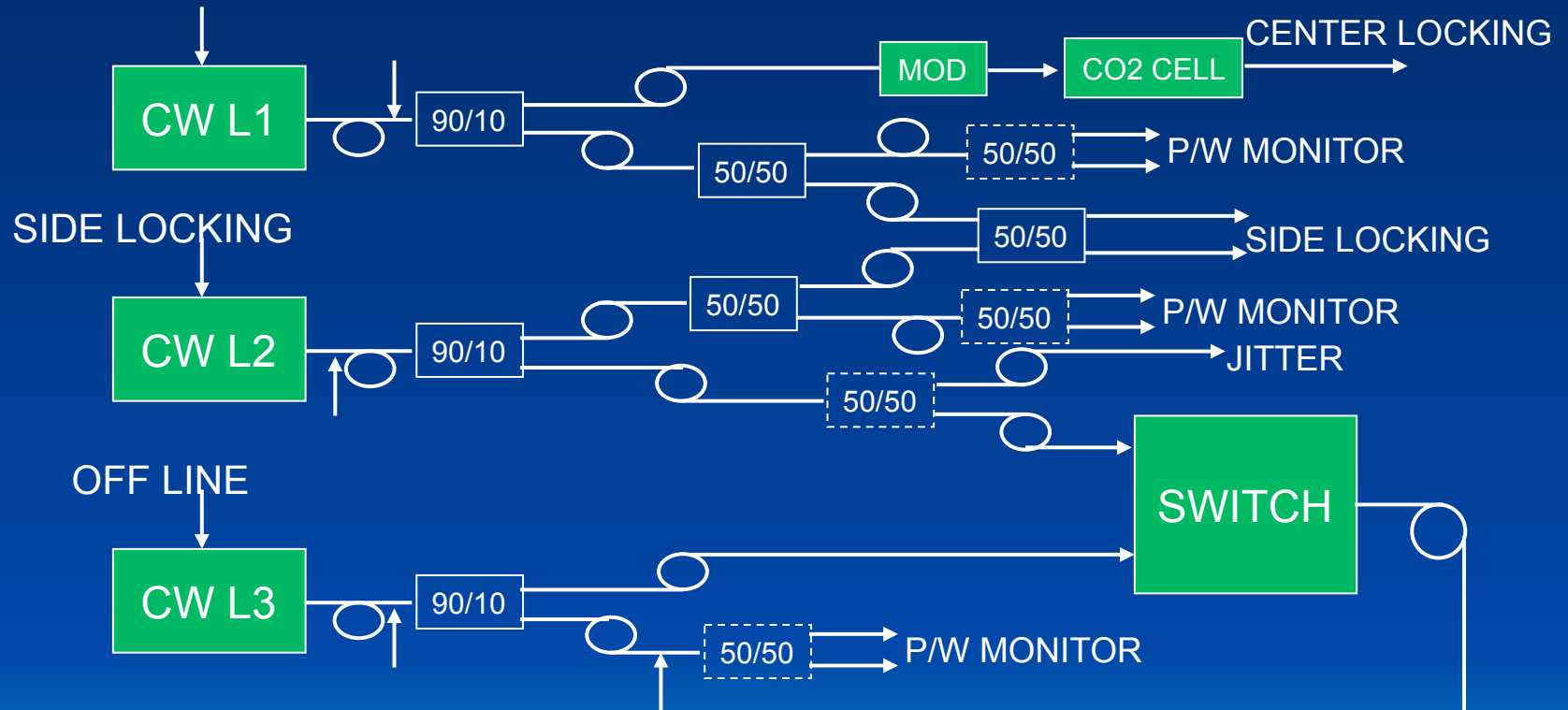
# Laser Beam Profile





# Breadboard Seed Lasers Schematic

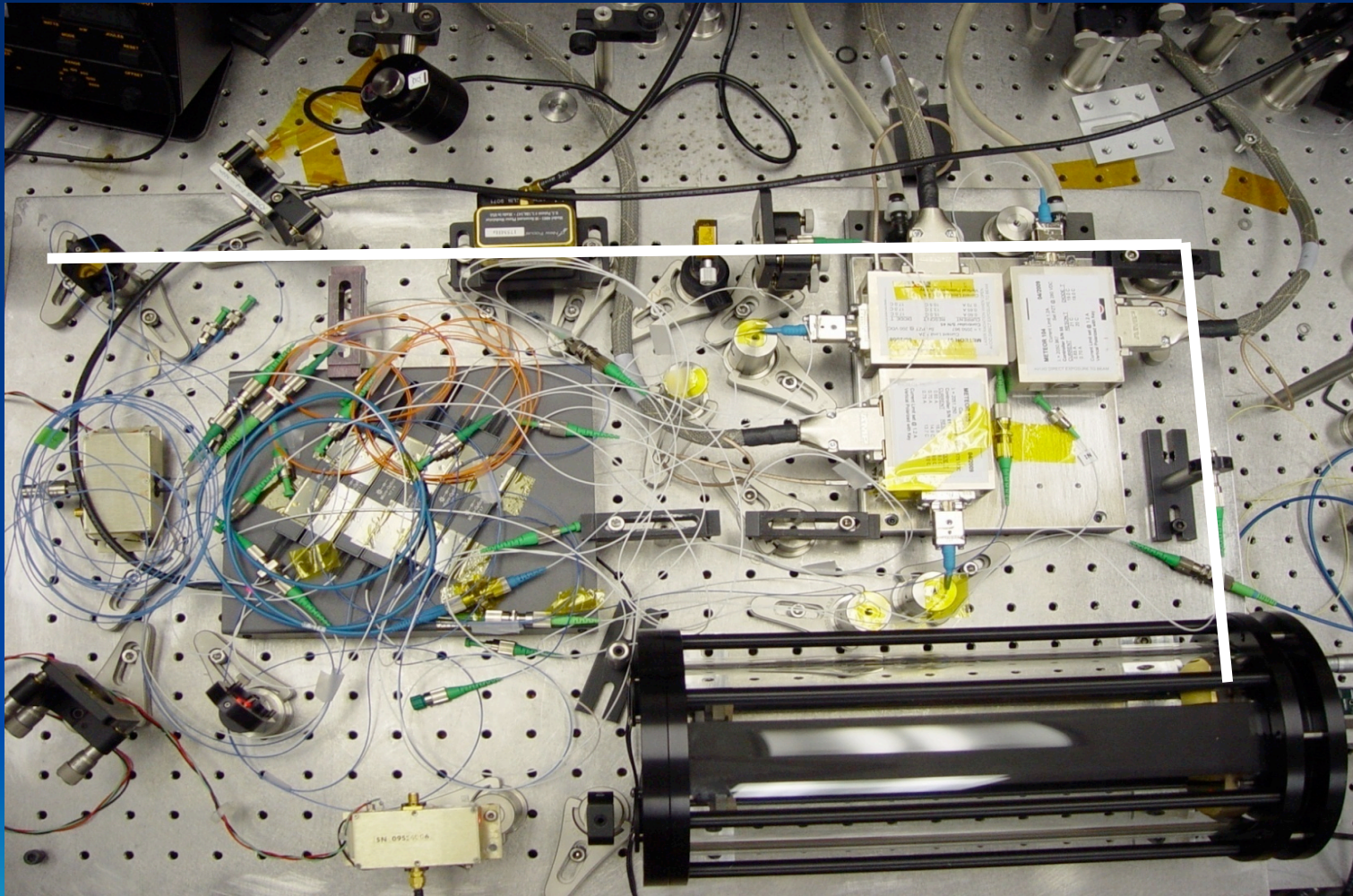
CENTER LOCKING



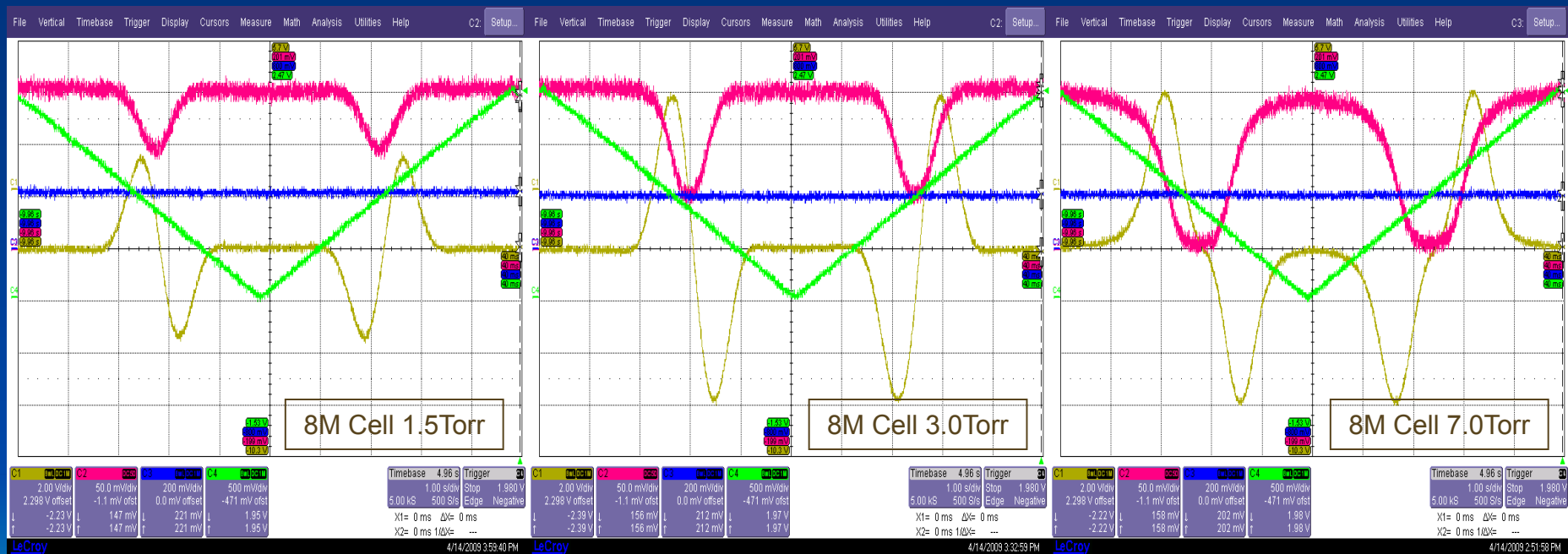
SEEDING

AO

# BREADBOARD SEED LASER LAYOUT\_2



# FRERQUENCY LOCKING AT CO<sub>2</sub> ABSORPTION LINE CENTER ---- ABSORPTION & LOCKING CURVES



8M Cell 1.5Torr

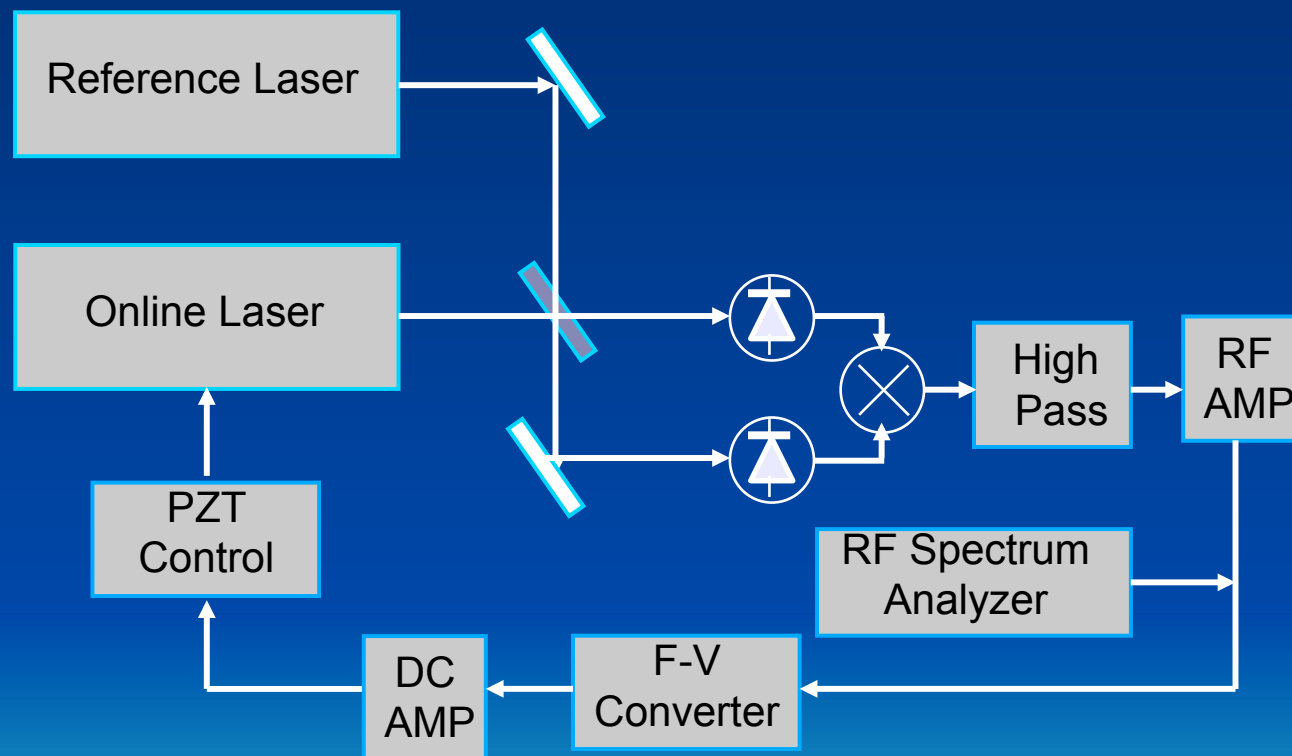
# Scanning

# Normalization

# Absorption

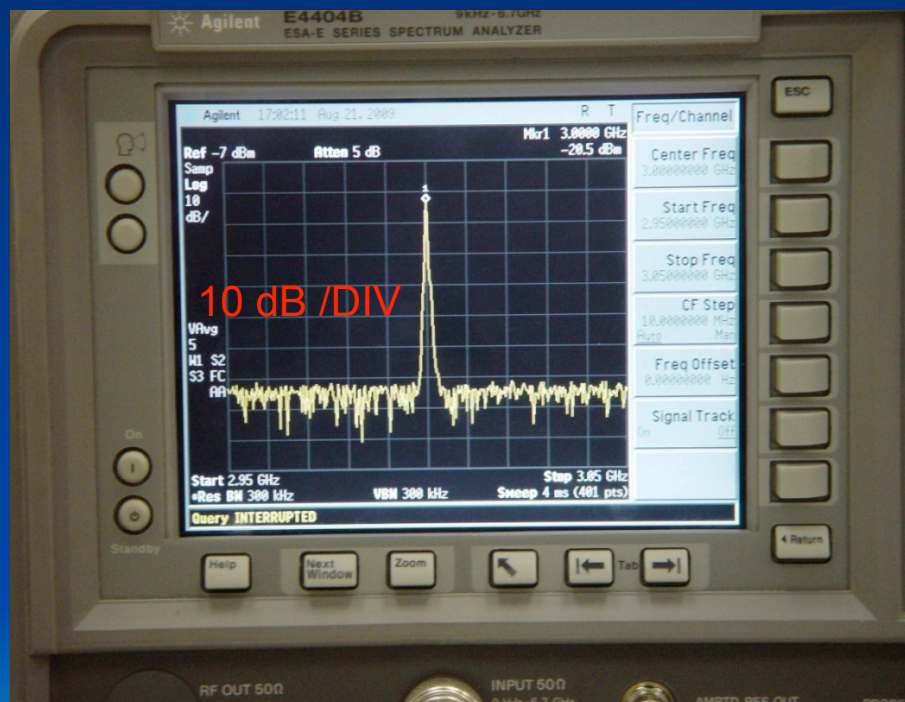
# Locking

# FREQUENCY LOCKING AT CO<sub>2</sub> ABSORPTION LINE WING ---- PRINCIPLE & DIAGRAM

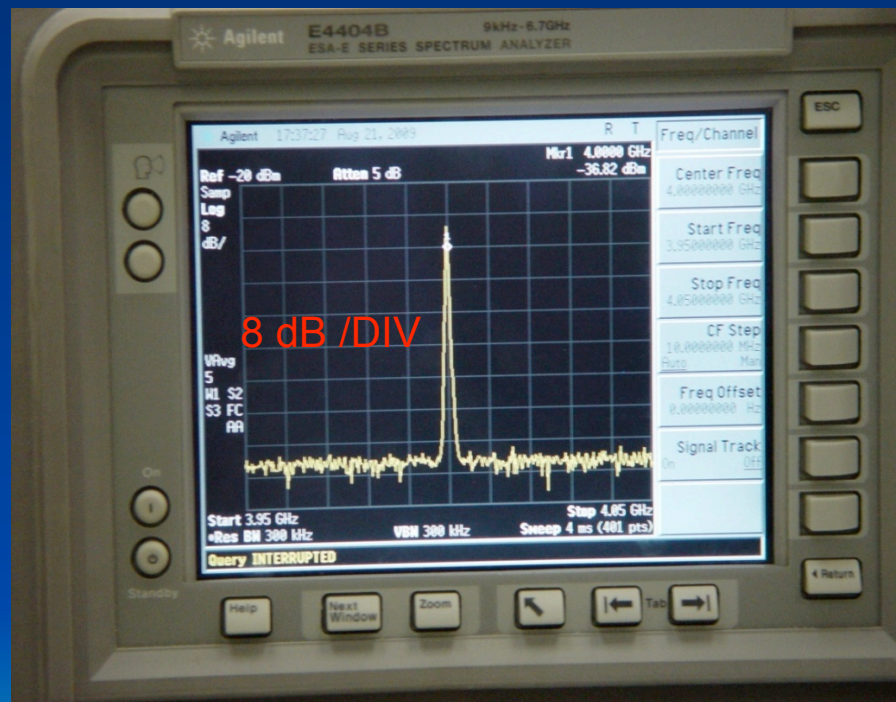




# FREQUENCY LOCKING AT CO<sub>2</sub> ABSORPTION LINE WING ---- BEATING SIGNALS ON ESA



3 GHz BEAT SIGNAL



4 GHz BEAT SIGNAL

# FREQUENCY LOCKING AT CO<sub>2</sub> ABSORPTION LINE WING ---- SHORT TERM STABILITY

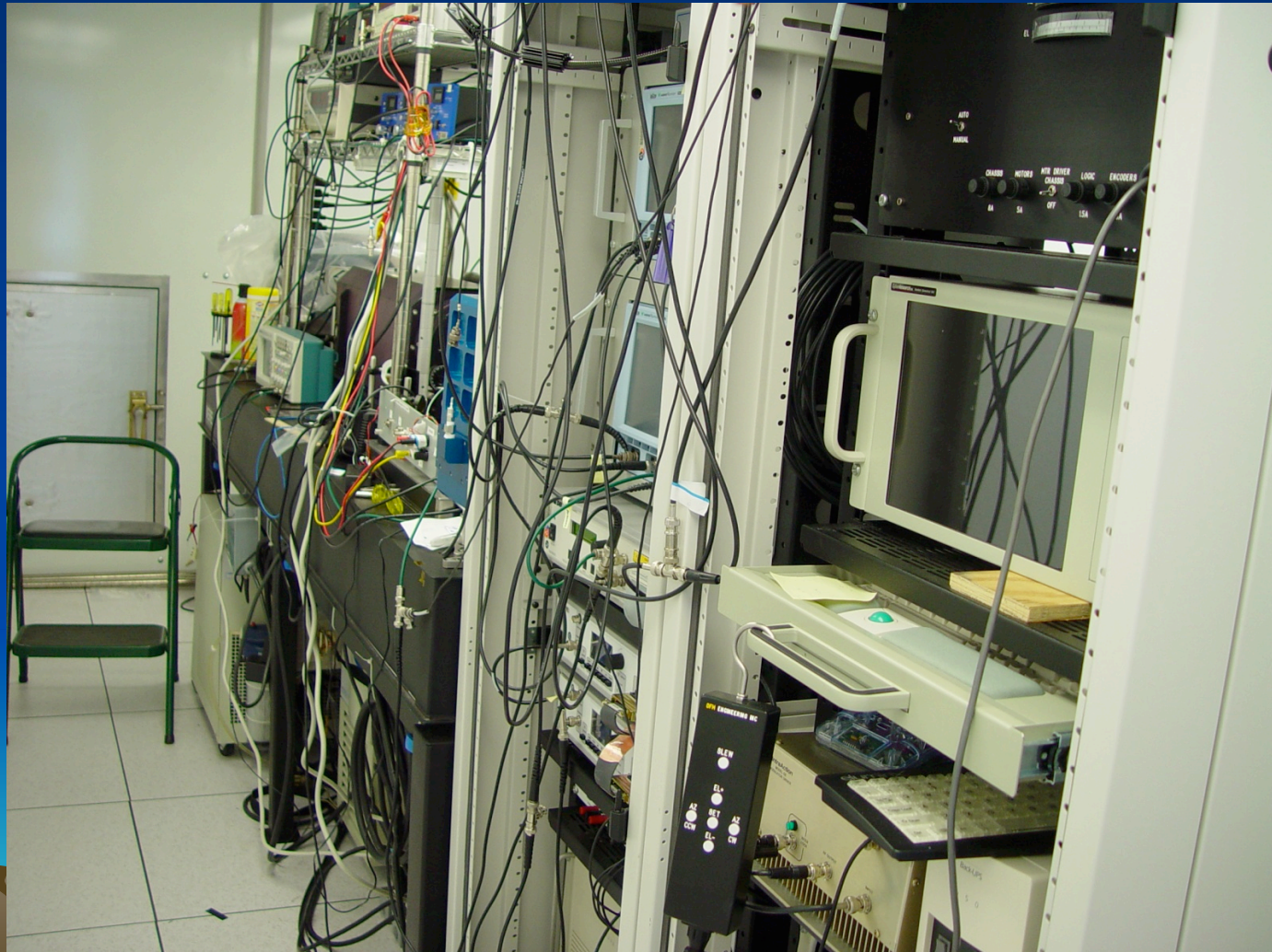


FREQUENCY LOCKING AT  
3 GHz FROM THE CENTER

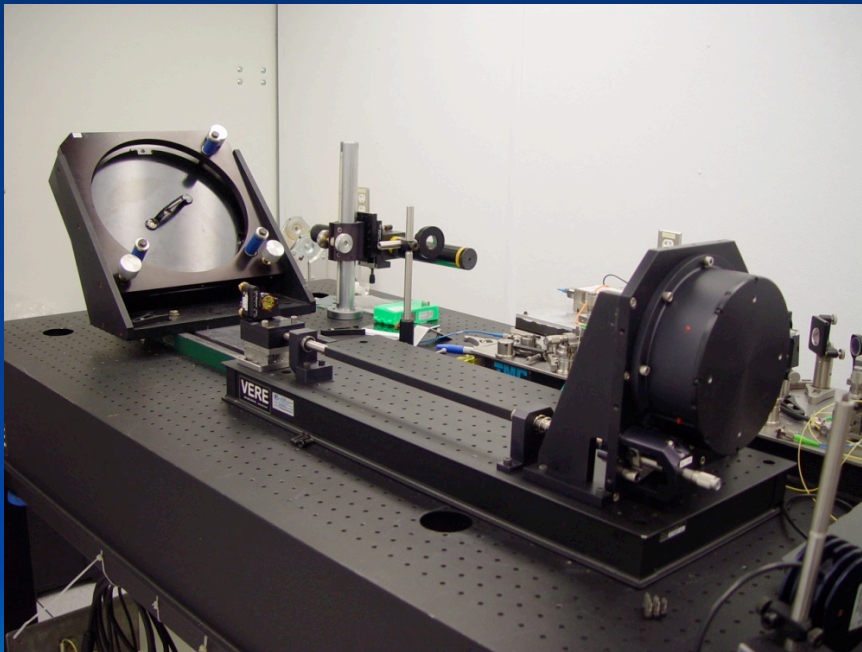
FREQUENCY LOCKING AT  
4 GHz FROM THE CENTER



# CO<sub>2</sub> Coherent DIAL in Trailer

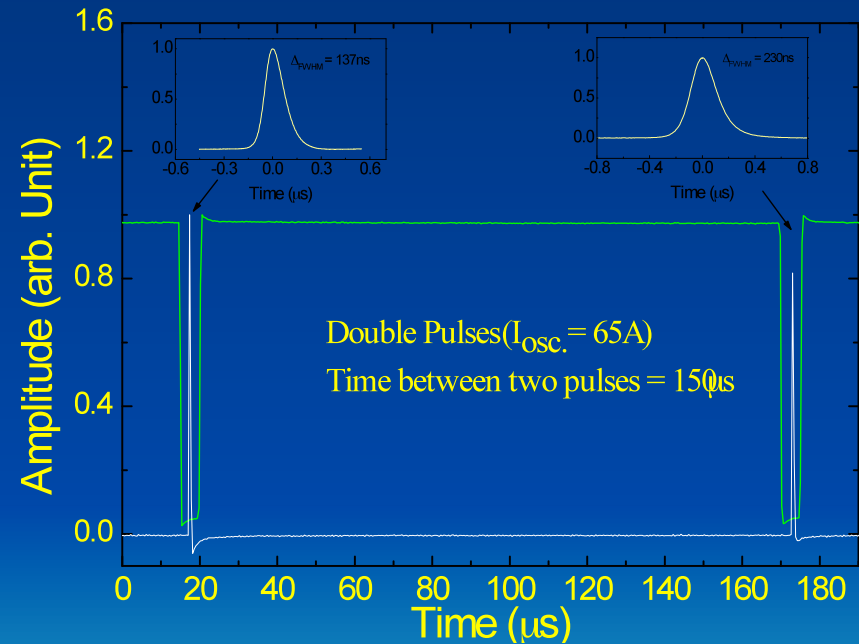
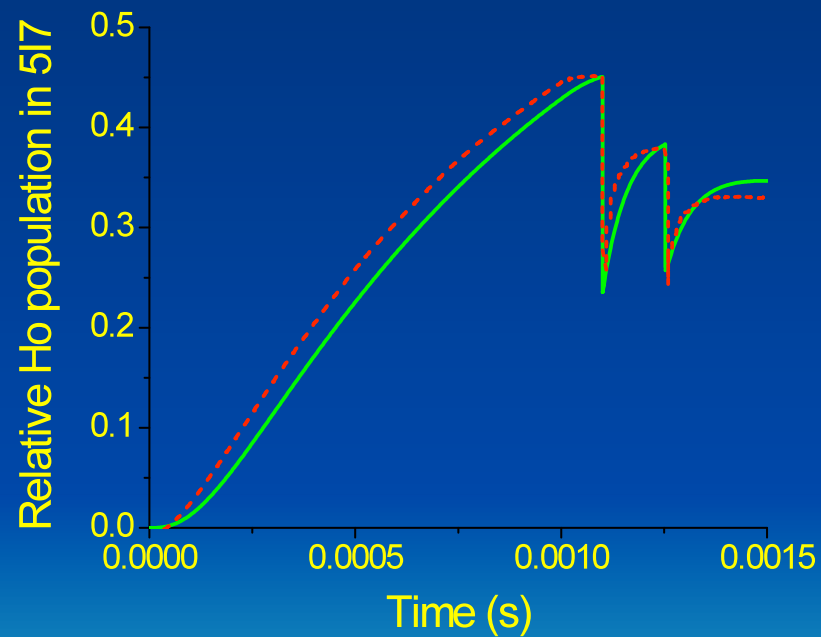


# Telescope and Scanner

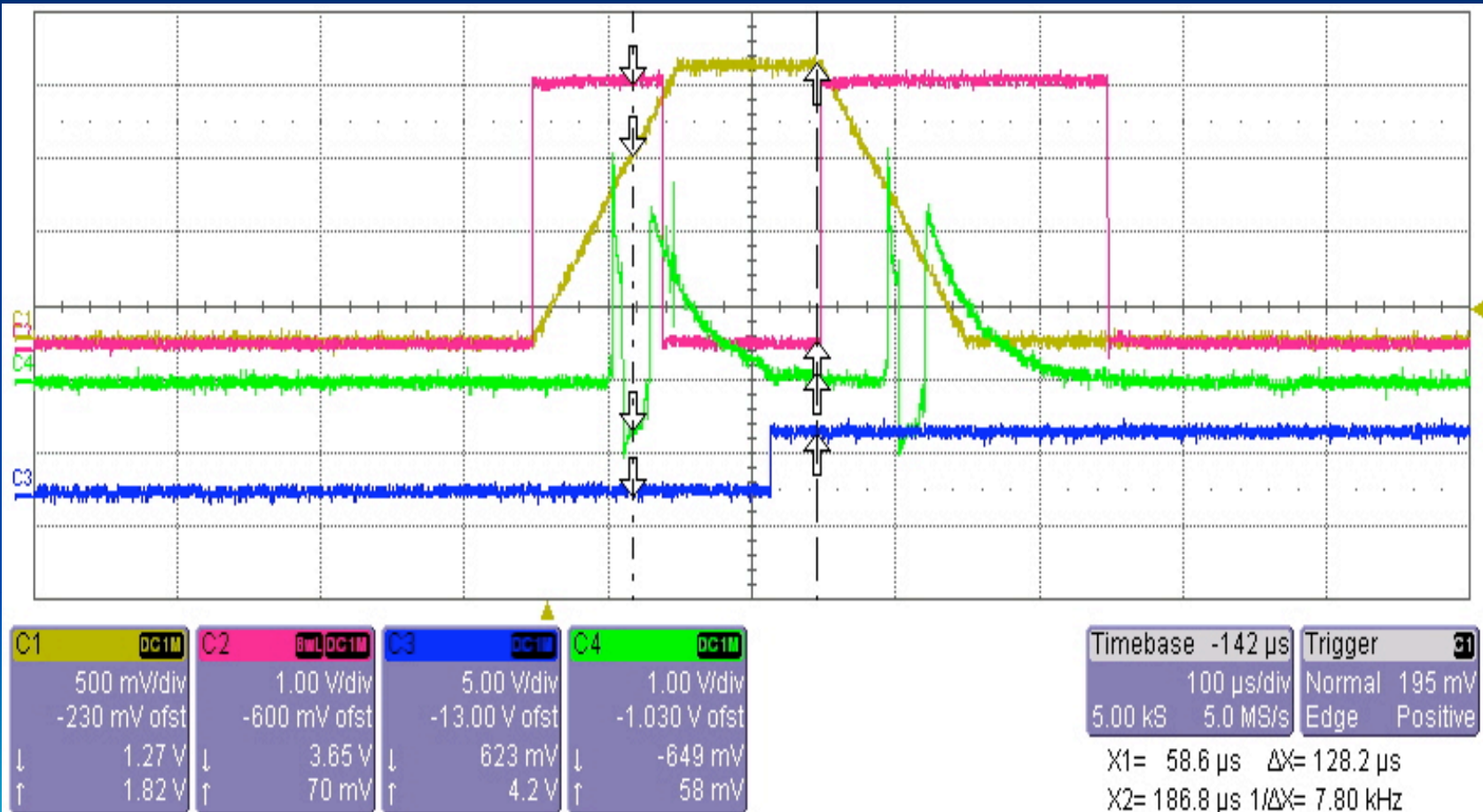




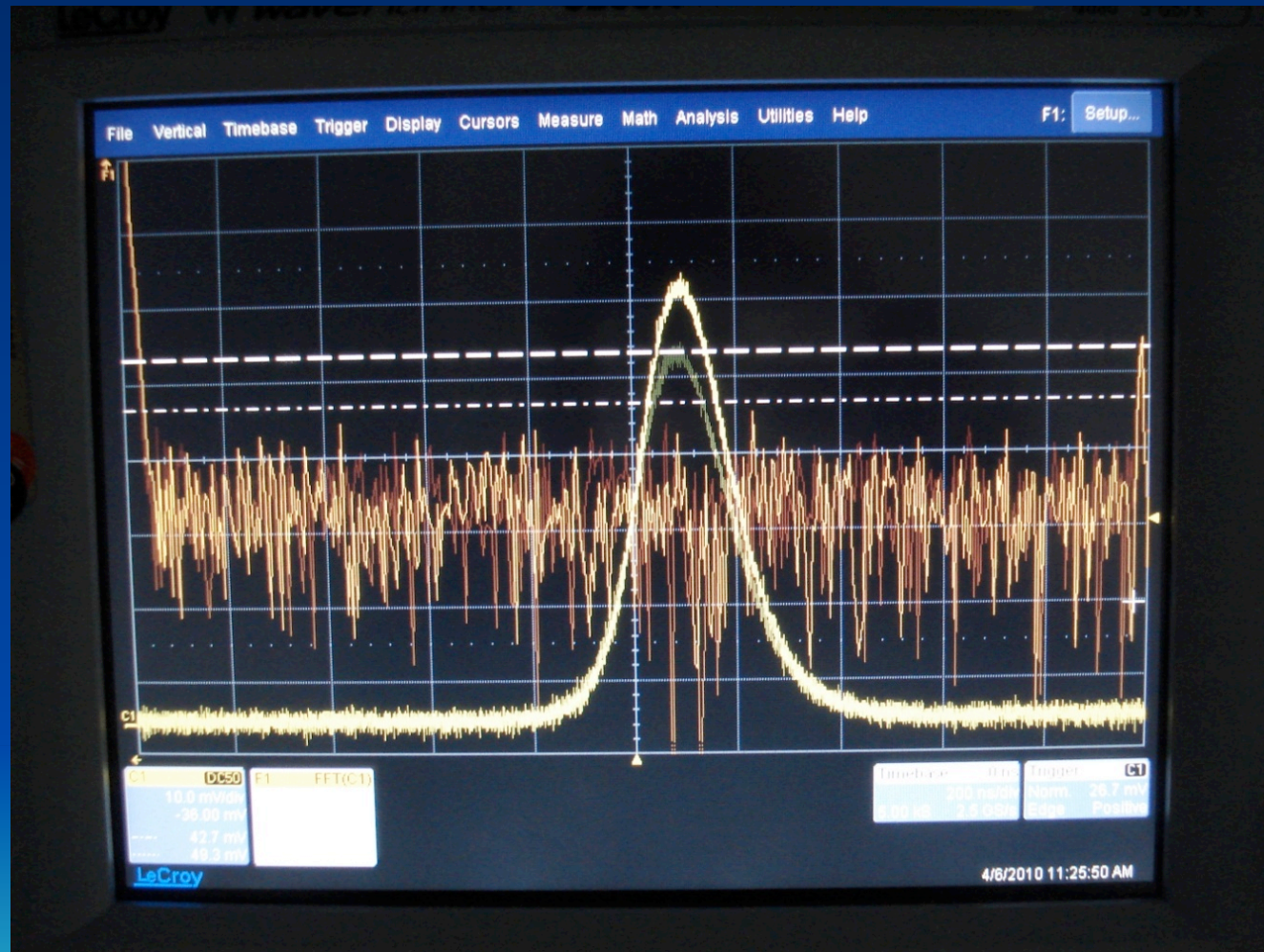
# Double Pulsed 2- $\mu\text{m}$ Laser Operation



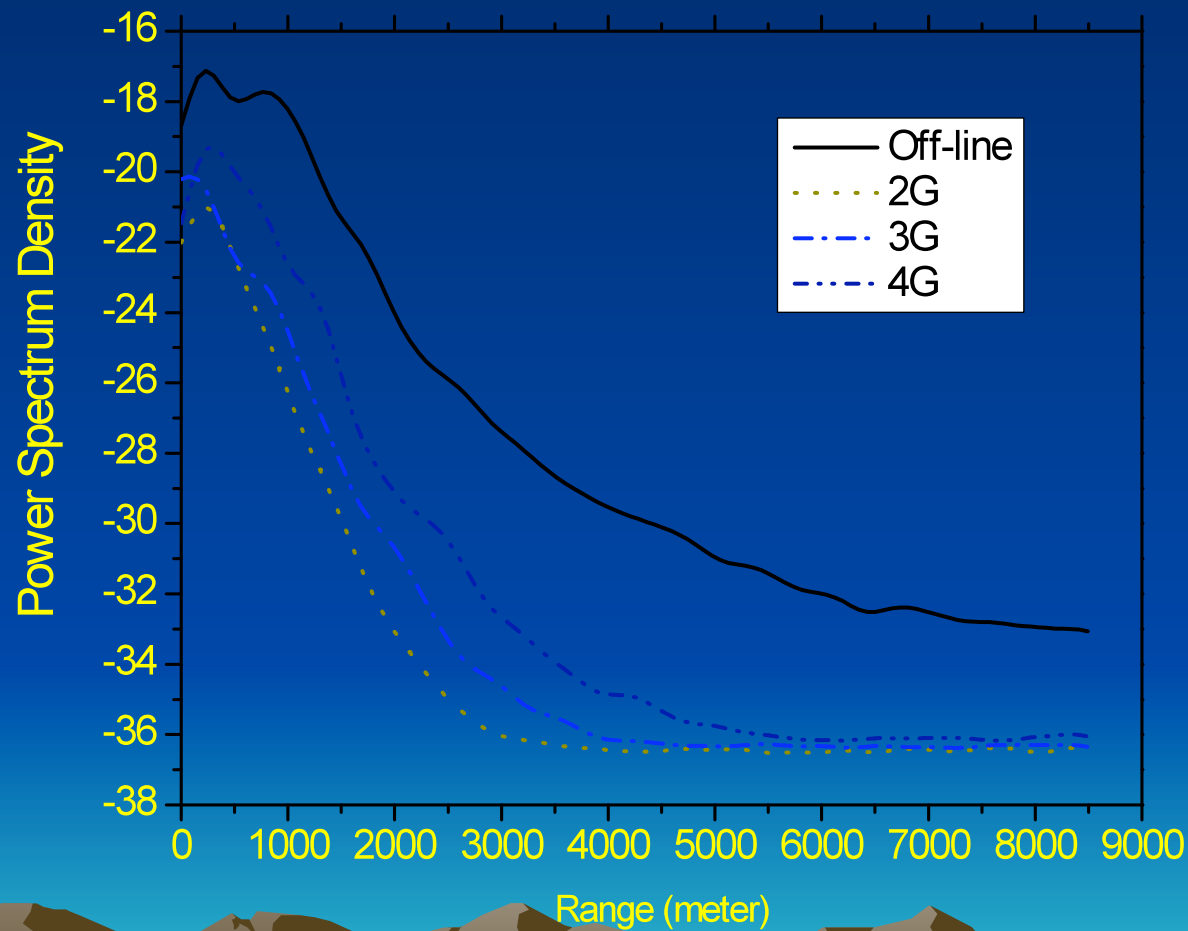
# Double Pulse



# Single Frequency



# On-Off Return Signal



# Summary

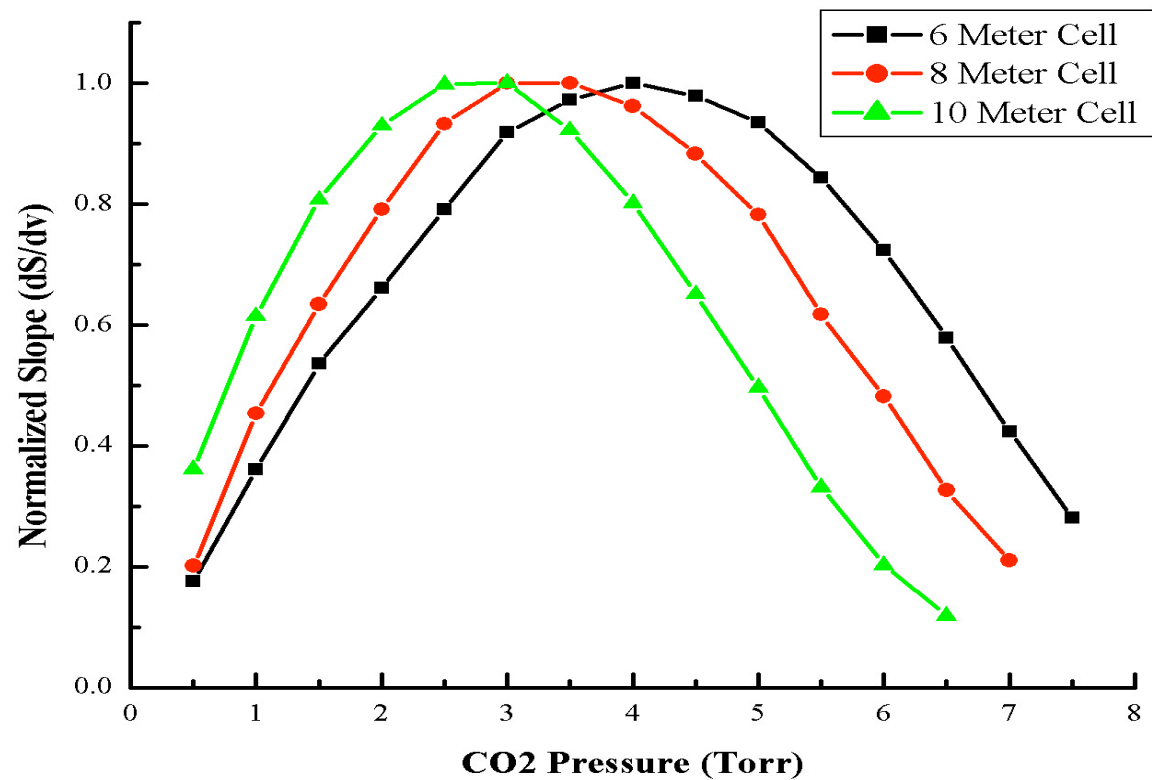
- 2-micron team has successfully developed a pulsed coherent DIAL, and demonstrated ground based measurement
- For the first time, a unique double pulse laser technique has been used in DIAL, which increase the laser efficiency and improves measurement accuracy
- Accurate laser wavelength control and switching has been demonstrated, which meets the frequency stability and accuracy requirement for the CO<sub>2</sub> DIAL.
- Team is developing a high repetition 2-micron transmitter for airborne CO<sub>2</sub> DIAL measurement



# BACKUP SLIDES



# FREQUENCY LOCKING AT CO<sub>2</sub> ABSORPTION LINE CENTER ---- OPTIMIZATION OF FREQUENCY LOCKING





# Atmospheric Return Signal

